Explicitly disentangling speaker from speech

Implicit disentanglement all aspects of speech

This requires that we explicitly design how to discard speaker information...

What if we can *learn* separation between speaker information and the rest of speech ⇒ implicit disentanglement

Improving implicit speech disentanglement with GANs

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Disentanglement

Explicit disentanglement

Speech synthesis model designer after much studying...

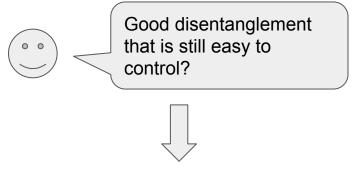
Speaker identity is different from the rest of speech by X

Design cool new model using idea **X** to disentangle and modify **speaker identity**

Limitation: human expert designed demarcations of different characteristics of speech

Can we try learn them instead?

Implicit disentanglement

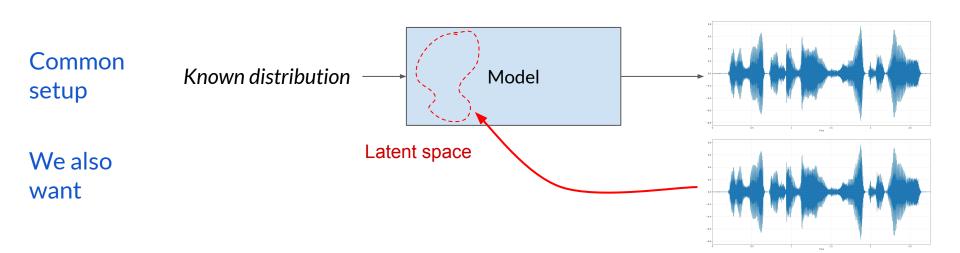


Design cool new model that should discover a controllable representation that disentangles speaker identity.

Task

- 1. Minimal assumptions about speech
- 2. Tractable training
- 3. Practical for inference

Unconditional speech synthesis task



Related efforts

Similar effort in unconditional image synthesis:

• Modelling a latent space from noise

Encourage disentanglement

Latent space metrics

• Inverse mapping methods

StyleGAN BigGAN

PPOGAN

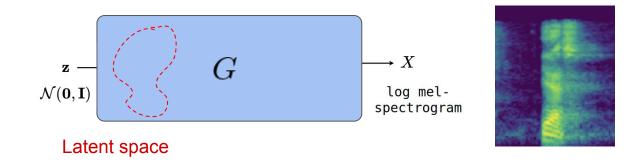
StyleGAN2 StyleGAN3

Path length

Linear separability

Noisy projection
Pivot tuning

Overview of our approach



- Google Speech Commands dataset
- Great synthesis quality and diversity
- Many tricks!
- Apply to unseen tasks zero-shot

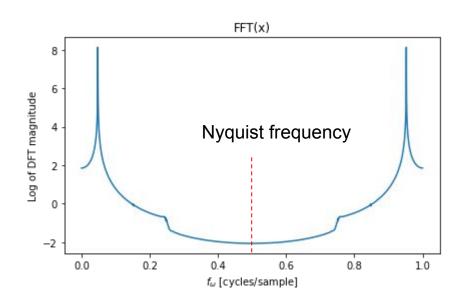
Voice conversion

Speech editing

Speech enhancement

Speaker verification

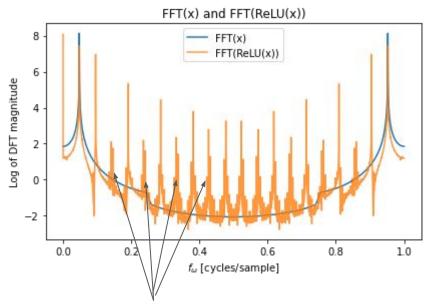
Anti-aliasing in GANs



Aliasing causes:

- GAN to hide artifacts in aliasing
- Poorer reconstruction quality when finally vocoding to audio

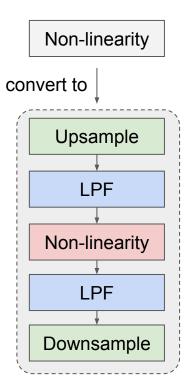
x is single sinusoid activation.

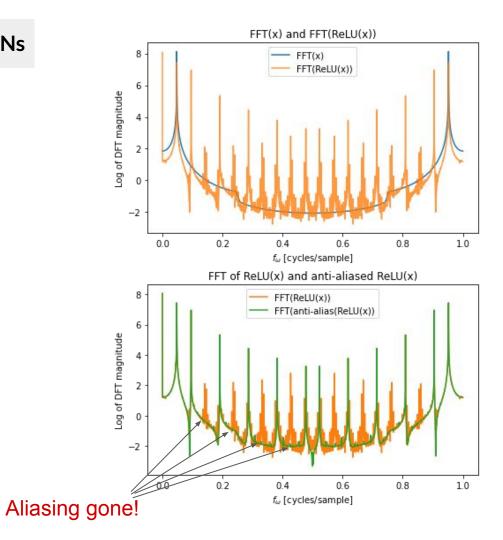


Aliasing! ⇒ need anti-aliasing filters!

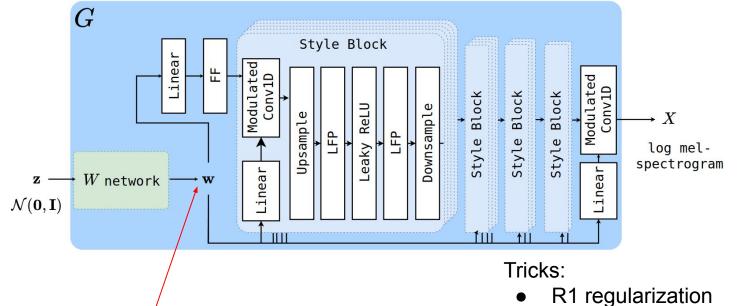
Anti-aliasing in GANs

StyleGAN3 proposed:





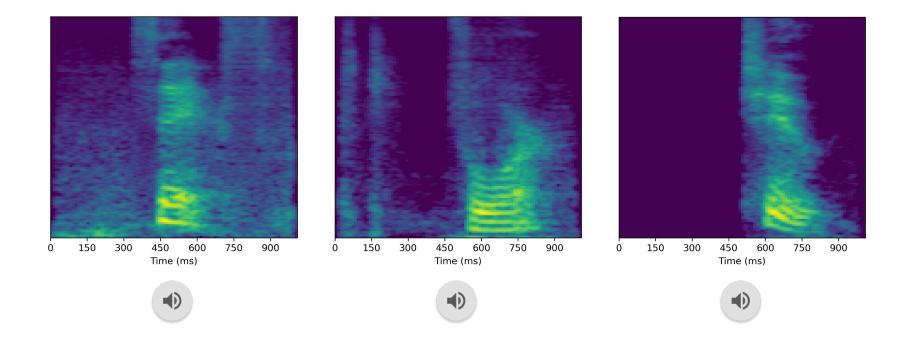
Model & GAN tricks

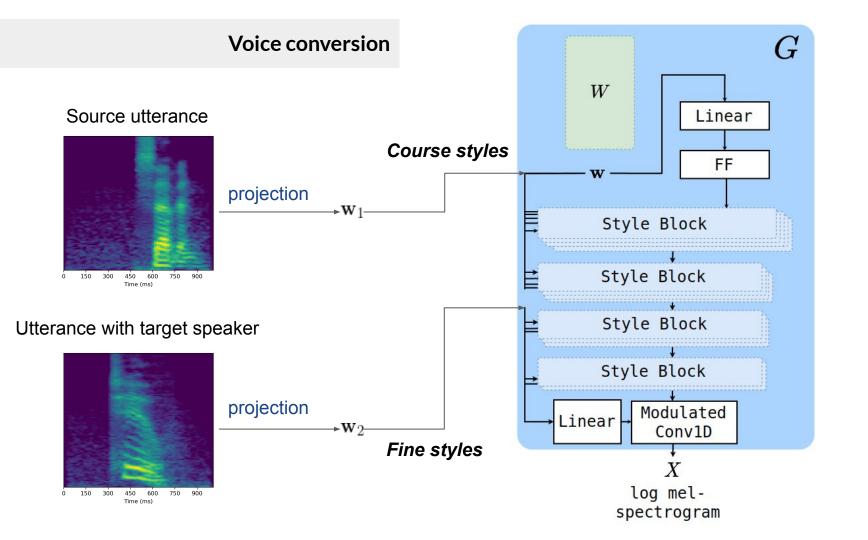


Disentangled latent space

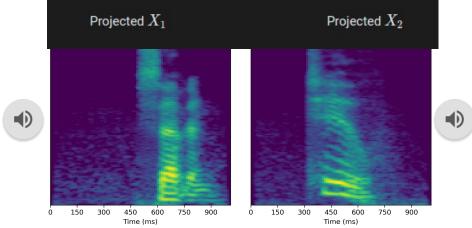
- EMA generator weights
- Adaptive discriminator augmentation
- **Equalized learning rates**
- Lower W network learning rate
- Adaptive discriminator updates

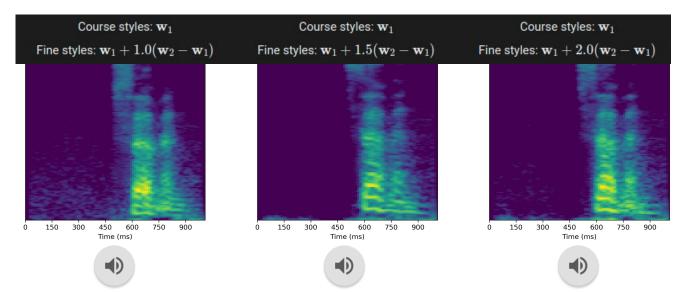
Unconditional samples





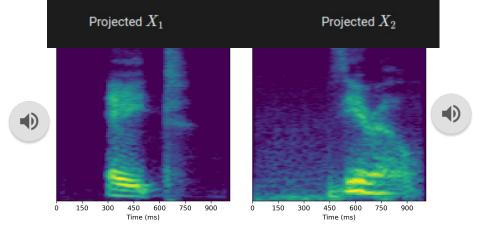
Voice conversion

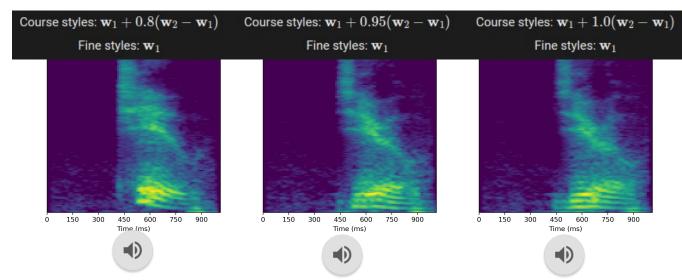


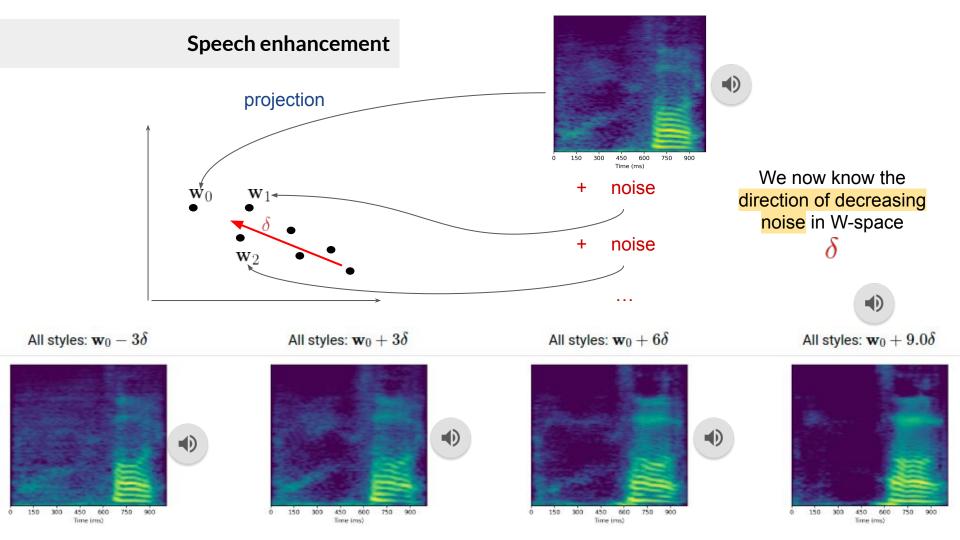


Digit conversion

Just do the opposite!







Limitations & future directions

- 1. Other synthesis tasks phrased as latent manipulations / perceptual tests?
- 2. Does not work well on out-of-domain data
- 3. Struggles to scale
- 4. Projection method not sophisticated

Thank you